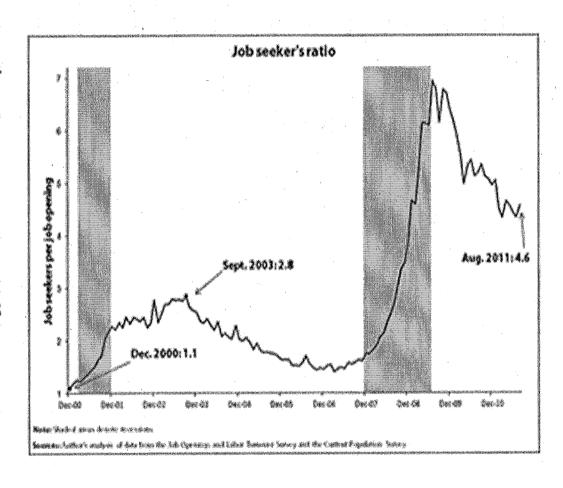


# No Jobs for 3 in 4 Unemployed.— Workers

## August 2011:

- 3.1 million
   job openings
- 14 million unemployed
- 4.6 workers
   to each job

Economic Policy Institute, October 12, 2011

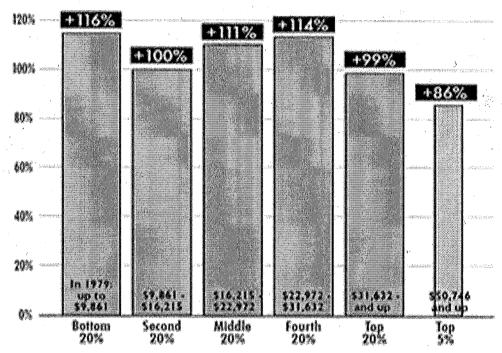


- 1. How would you explain this chart in simple terms to another union member or neighbor?
- 2. When did the trend toward more jobseekers per job opening reverse? Why do you think it changed at that time?
- 3. Why do you think the drop in the number has stopped, and the number is still so high?



## Real Family Income Growth by Quintile with Top 5%, 1947-1979

### We All Grew

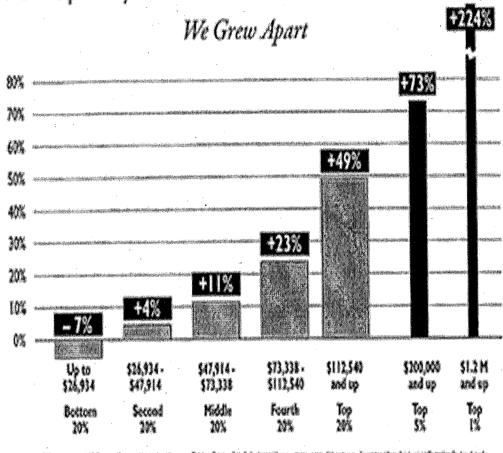


Souriest: Analysis of Ceroon Boreau data from Hohel Epicomie and Barriaten, juried. The State of Working America (1944), p. 37. Increase Parges on 1979 dustyre, from Harch (1900 Ceroon Current Projection Survey, Fydds F-1).

- 1. How would you explain this chart in simple terms to another union member or neighbor?
- 2. What government policies or programs contributed to the type of income growth shown in the chart?
- 3. How does this chart compare to what you consider to be the "American Dream" Economy?



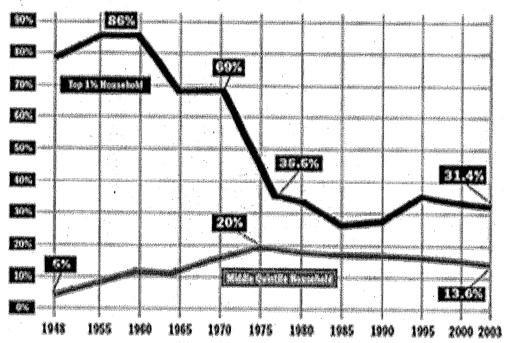
## Real Family Income Growth by Quintile with Top 5% & Top 1%, 1979-2009



- 1. How would you explain this chart in simple terms to another union member or neighbor?
- 2. What government policies or programs contributed to the type of income growth shown in the chart?
- 3. How does this chart compare to what you consider to be the "American Dream" Economy?

## Federal Tax Rates

Effective federal tax rates (income tax + payroll tax) for the top 1% and the middle quintile of households, 1948-2003

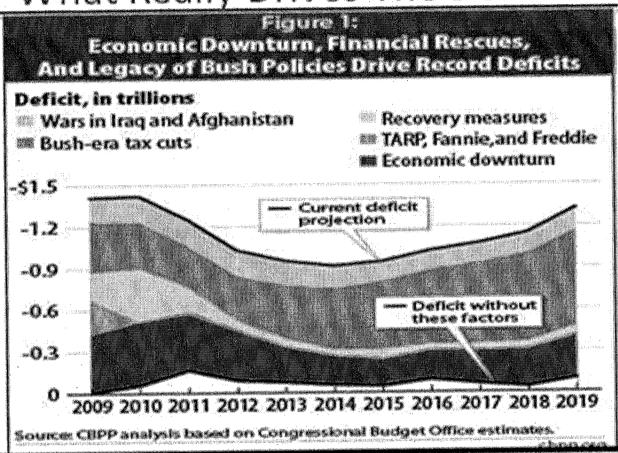


The time has a fire labor of the control of the con

- 1. How would you explain this chart in simple terms to another union member or neighbor?
- 2. Who was President when the top 1% paid the highest percentage income tax? Who was President when they paid the lowest?
- 3. How does this distribution of federal income tax rates compare to what you consider the "American Dream" Economy?

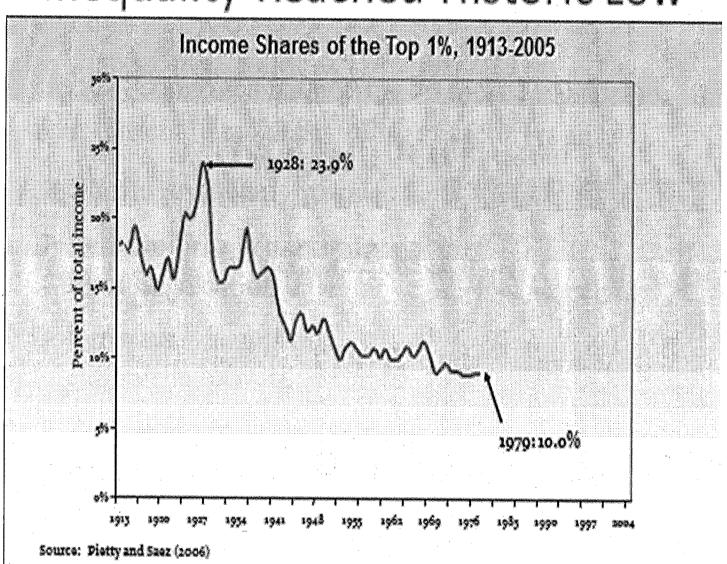


## What Really Drives The Deficit?



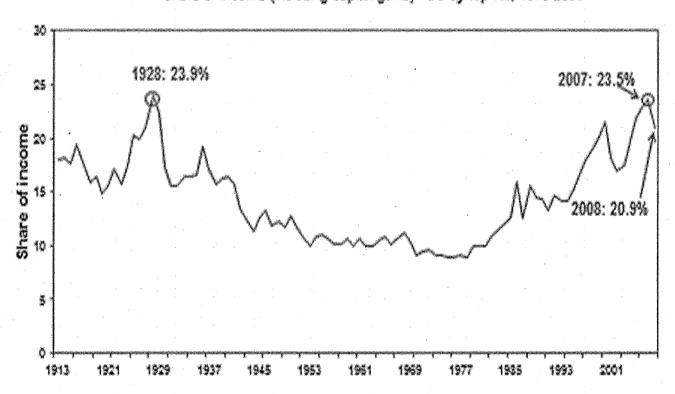
- 1. How would you explain this chart in simple terms to another union member or neighbor?
- 2. Does this chart help you in determining what you consider to be the best ways to address the federal deficit?
- 3. What, if anything, does this chart tell you about deficit reduction plans you have heard about?

## Inequality Reached Historic Low



## Income Inequality Highest Since 1928

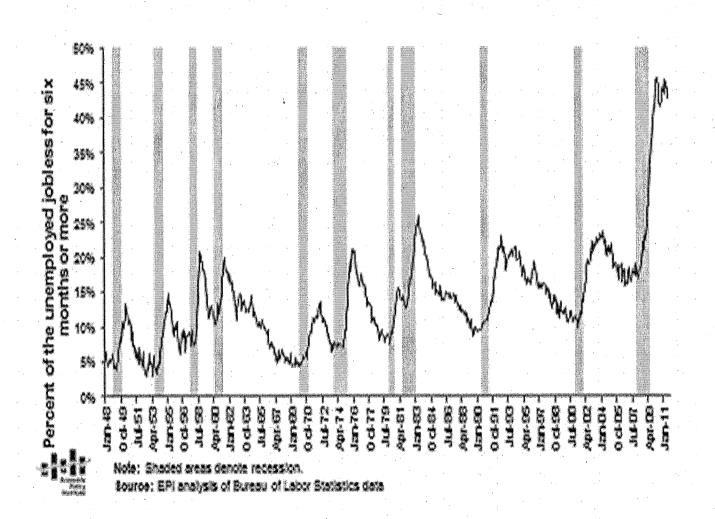
Share of income (including capital gains) held by top 1%, 1913-2008



Note: Sharp drops in income share around 2000 and 2003 are due to the dot-com bubble bursting and the financial crisis source: Atkinson, Piketty, and Seez (2010).



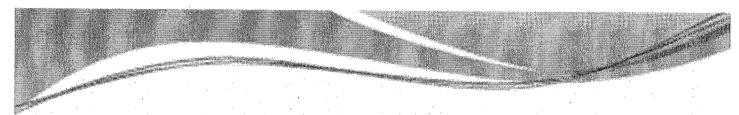
## It Takes Longer To Find A Job Than Ever Before





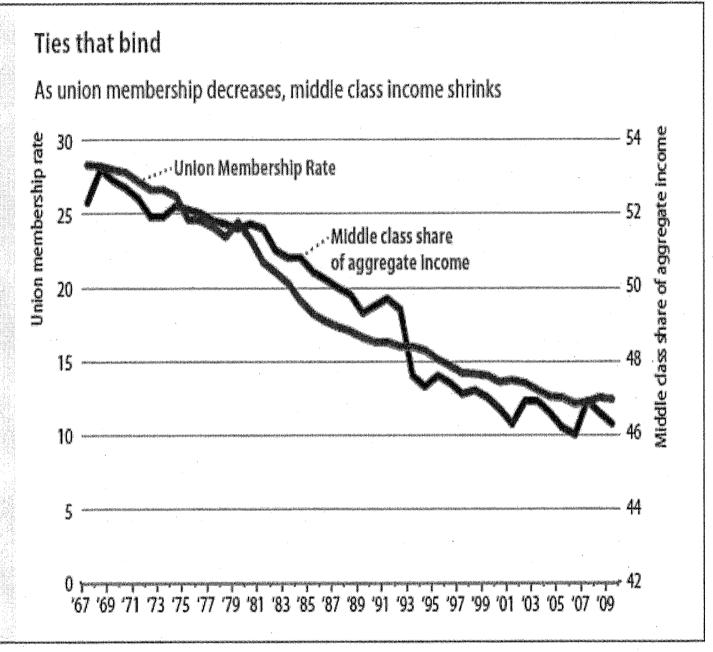
## General Electric (2010):

- Worldwide profits of \$14.2 billion
- U.S. profits of \$5.1 billion
- Paid NO FEDERAL TAXES
- Received a check from the U.S. Government of \$3.2 billion for refundable tax credits



## Facts About The GI Bill

- By 1947, 49% of persons attending college in the United States were doing so on the GI Bill
- Between 1946-1966 20% of all houses built in the United States were built with VA financing
- GI Bill also included \$20 per week unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks
  - Critics predicted veterans would not even look for jobs until the checks stopped coming
  - In reality, less than 20% of available benefits were claimed and only one out of 19 veterans collected the full 52 weeks of benefits.



Sources: Authors' analysis. Union Membership rate is from Barry T. Hirsch, David A. Macpherson, and Wayne G. Vroman, "Estimates of Union Density by State." Middle Class Share of Aggregate Income is from United States Census Bureau.

Chart from David Madland, Karla Walter and Nick Bunker, *Unions Make the Middle Class*, Published by Center for American Progress Action Fund, April 2011.

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